VITAX SAFETY DATA SHEET **ROSEGARDE**

Date: 15 Sept 2015

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name ROSEGARDE

Product code

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use Insecticide, Fungicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Vitax Ltd, Owen St, Coalville, Leics LE67 3DE

Telephone +44(0)1530 510060 **Web** www.vitax.co.uk

1.4 Emergency telephone no.

Emergency telephone no. +44(0)1530 510060 (Office hours)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Acute aquatic toxicity: Category 1

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Category 1

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

N Dangerous for the environment, R50/53

2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Hazard label for supply/use required.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Myclobutanil

☐ Cypermethrin cis/trans +/- 40/60

Pictogram

Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for

use.



Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product contained	r or label at hand.
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P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P260 Do not breathe spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a household waste recycling centre as hazardous

waste except for empty containers which can be disposed of by recycling. Contact your

local council for details.

2.3 Other hazards

Cutaneous sensations may occur, such as burning or stinging on the face and mucosae. However, these sensations cause no lesions and are of a transitory nature (max. 24 hours).

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

Any other liquids (AL)

Myclobutanil/Cypermethrin 0,075:0,05 g/l

Hazardous components

R-phrase(s) according to EC directive 67/548/EEC

Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Classification

Name	CAS-No./		Conc. [%]	
	EC-No.	EC Directive 67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
Myclobutanil	88671-89-0 4104000	Repr.Cat.3 R63 Xn; R22 Xi; R36 N; R51/53	Repr. 2, H361d Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	0.0075
Cypermethrin cis/trans +/- 40/60	52315-07-8 257-842-9	Xn; R20/22 Xi; R37 N; R50/53	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Acute Tox. 4, H302 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	0.005

Further information

For the full text of the R-phrases/ Hazard statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

Inhalation Move the victim to fresh air and keep at rest. Call a physician or poison

control center immediately.

Skin contact Immediately wash with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes.

Warm water may increase the subjective severity of the

irritation/paresthesia. This is not a sign of systemic poisoning. In case of skin irritation, application of oils or lotions containing vitamin E may

be considered. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at

least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Warm water may increase the subjective severity of the irritation/paresthesia. This is not a sign of systemic poisoning. Apply soothing eye drops, if needed anaesthetic eye drops. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Keep at rest. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician

or poison control center immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Local:, Skin and eye paraesthesia which may be severe, Usually

transient with resolution within 24 hours, Skin, eye and mucous

membrane irritation, Cough, Sneezing

Systemic:, Discomfort in the chest, Tachycardia, Hypotension, Nausea,

Abdominal pain, Diarrhoea, Vomiting, Dizziness, Blurred vision, Headache, Anorexia, Somnolence, Coma, Convulsions, Tremors, Prostration, Airway hyperreaction, Pulmonary oedema, Palpitation,

Muscular fasciculation, Apathy

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Risks This product contains a pyrethroid. Pyrethroid poisoning should not be

confused with carbamate or organophosphate poisoning.

Treatment Local treatment: Initial treatment: symptomatic.

Systemic treatment: Initial treatment: symptomatic. Monitor: respiratory and cardiac functions. In case of ingestion gastric lavage should be considered in cases of significant ingestions only within the first 2 hours. However, the application of activated charcoal and sodium sulphate is always advisable. Keep respiratory tract clear. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. In case of convulsions, a benzodiazepine (e.g. diazepam) should be given according to standard regimens. If not effective, phenobarbital may be used. Contraindication: atropine. Contraindication: derivatives of adrenaline. There is no specific antidote.

Recovery is spontaneous and without seguelae.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon

dioxide.

Unsuitable High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising Dangerous gases are evolved in the event of a fire.

from the substance or mixture

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective

equipment for fire-fighters

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the

event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information Remove product from areas of fire, or otherwise cool containers

with water in order to avoid pressure being built up due to heat. Whenever possible, contain fire-fighting water by diking area with

sand or earth.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Precautions Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. When

dealing with a spillage do not eat, drink or smoke.

6.2 Environmental

precautions

Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water. If spillage enters drains leading to sewage works inform local water company immediately. If spillage enters rivers or watercourses, inform

the Environment Agency (emergency telephone number 0800

807060).

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder,

universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Clean floors and contaminated objects with plenty of water.

Additional advice Check also for any local site procedures.

6.4 Reference to other

sections

Information regarding safe handling, see section 7.

Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.

Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

No specific precautions required when handling unopened packs/containers; follow relevant manual handling advice. Ensure

adequate ventilation.

fire and explosion

Advice on protection against No special precautions required.

Hygiene measures When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands immediately after

work, if necessary take a shower.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Store in original container and out of the reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from direct sunlight. Protect from

freezing.

Advice on common storage

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.3 Specific end uses

Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Cypermethrin cis/trans +/-	52315-07-8	0.08 mg/m3		OES BCS*
40/60		(OES BCS)		

^{*}OES BCS: Internal Bayer CropScience "Occupational Exposure Standard"

8.2 Exposure controls

Refer to COSHH assessment (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Amendment) Regulations 2004). Engineering controls should be used in preference to personal protective equipment wherever practicable. Refer also to COSHH Essentials.

Personal protective equipment

In normal use conditions personal protective equipment is not deemed to be necessary. If there is a potential for excessive exposure the following applies:

Respiratory protection is not required under anticipated Respiratory protection

circumstances of exposure.

Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's

instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

Wear CE Marked (or equivalent) nitrile rubber gloves (minimum **Hand protection**

thickness of 0,4 mm). Wash when contaminated and dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet.

Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent). Eve protection

Skin and body protection Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 6 suit.

If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective

type suit.

Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and

should be professionally laundered frequently.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form clear liquid
Colour colourless

Density 0.99 - 1.0 g/cm³

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Myclobutanil: log Pow: 2.94

9.2 Other information Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Thermal decomposition Stable under normal conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of

hazardous reactions No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to

prescribed instructions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials Store only in the original container.

10.6 Hazardous

decomposition productsNo decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (rat) > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity ATE > 5.0 mg/l

ATE - acute toxicity estimate

Acute dermal toxicityLD50 (rat) > 2,000 mg/kgSkin irritationNo skin irritation (rabbit)Eye irritationNo eye irritation (rabbit)SensitisationNon-sensitizing. (guinea pig)

Assessment repeated dose toxicity

Myclobutanil did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Cypermethrin caused neurobehavioral effects and/or neuropathological changes in animal studies.

Assessment Mutagenicity

Myclobutanil was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests. Cypermethrin was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Assessment Carcinogenicity

Myclobutanil was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice. Cypermethrin was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Myclobutanil caused reproduction toxicity in generation studies in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals.

Cypermethrin caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Cypermethrin is related to parental toxicity.

Assessment developmental toxicity

Myclobutanil caused a reduced pup survival.

Cypermethrin did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.

Further information

Cutaneous sensations may occur, such as burning or stinging on the face and mucosae.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Fish) > 0.27 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to aquatic

EC50 (Daphnia) > 0.017 mg/l

invertebrates

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to aquatic plants

EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum) > 21 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability Myclobutanil:

not rapidly biodegradable

Cypermethrin:

not rapidly biodegradable

Koc Myclobutanil: Koc: 517

Cypermethrin: Koc: 26492 - 144652

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation Myclobutanil: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 8.3

Does not bioaccumulate.

Cypermethrin: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 1,204

Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil Myclobutanil: Slightly mobile in soils

Cypermethrin: Immobile in soil

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment Myclobutanil: This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Cypermethrin: This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological

information No other effects to be mentioned.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product Do not empty into drains.

Dispose of unused product in its container at a household waste site

(civic amenity site).

Contact your local council (local authority) for details.

Contaminated packaging Dispose of empty container in the dustbin.

Follow advice on product label and/or leaflet.

Waste key for the unused

product

020108 agrochemical waste containing dangerous substances

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID/ADN

14.1 UN number 3082

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(CYPERMETHRINE SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9 14.4 Packing group III

14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES Hazard no. 90 Tunnel Code E

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

IMDG

14.1 UN number 3082

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(CYPERMETHRINE SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9 14.4
Packing group III
14.5 Marine pollutant YES

IATA

14.1 UN number 3082

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(CYPERMETHRINE SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9 14.4
Packing group III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES

UK 'Carriage' Regulations

14.1 UN number 3082

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(CYPERMETHRINE SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
Packing group
III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark
Emergency action code
9 14.4
III
YES
3Z

14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

UK and Northern Ireland Regulatory References

This material may be subject to some or all of the following regulations (and any subsequent amendments). Users must ensure that any uses and restrictions as indicated on the label and/or leaflet are followed.

Transport

Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 1348)

Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997 (SI 1997 No 2367) Air Navigation Dangerous Goods Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2786)

Supply and Use

Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 716) Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2009

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2677)

EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits - Table 1 List of approved workplace exposure limits

Control of Pesticide Regulations 1986

Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002

Waste Treatment

Environmental Protection Act 1990, Part II

Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991

The Waste Management Licensing Regulations 1994 (as amended)

Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005 (Replacing Special Waste Regulations 1996 as amended)

Landfill Directive

Regulation on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer 1994 (EEC/3093/94)

Water Resources Act 1991

Anti-Pollution Works Regulations 1999

Further information

WHO-classification: III (Slightly hazardous)

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not required.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Text of R-phrases mentioned in Section 3

R20/22 Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed.

R22 Harmful if swallowed. R36 Irritating to eyes.

R37 Irritating to respiratory system.

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

R63 Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The above information is intended to give general health and safety guidance on the storage and transport of the product.

It is not intended to apply to the use of the product for which purposes the product label and any appropriate technical usage literature available should be consulted and any relevant licenses, consents or approvals complied with.

The requirements or recommendations of any relevant site or working procedure, system or policy in force or arising from any risk assessment involving the substance or product should take precedence over any of the guidance contained in this safety data sheet where there is a difference in the information given.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is accurate at the date of publication and will be updated as and when appropriate.

No liability will be accepted for any injury, loss or damage resulting from any failure to take account of information or advice contained in this safety data sheet.

Reason for Revision: Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010.